

Table 51. Vision care benefits: Coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses	Contact lenses ¹
All workers	100	100	92
Worker characteristic			
Management, professional, and related	100	100	93
Professional and related	100	100	93
Teachers	100	100	95
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	100	100	96
Service	100	100	92
Protective service	100	100	93
Sales and office	100	100	92
Office and administrative support	100	100	92
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	100	100	85
Full time	100	100	92
Part time	100	100	96
Union	100	100	92
Nonunion	100	100	94
Average wage within the following categories: ²			
Lowest 25 percent	100	100	96
Lowest 10 percent	100	100	96
Second 25 percent	100	100	91
Third 25 percent	100	100	90
Highest 25 percent	100	100	93
Highest 10 percent	100	100	93
Establishment characteristic			
Service-providing industries	100	100	92
Education and health services	100	100	94
Educational services	100	100	94
Elementary and secondary schools	100	100	95
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	100	100	92
Health care and social assistance	100	100	89
Hospitals	100	100	93
Public administration	100	100	91
1 to 99 workers	100	100	94
1 to 49 workers	100	100	98
50 to 99 workers	100	100	90
100 workers or more	100	100	92
100 to 499 workers	100	100	95
500 workers or more	100	100	91
State government	100	100	86
Local government	100	100	94

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 51. Vision care benefits: Coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses	Contact lenses ¹
Geographic area			
New England	100	100	93
Middle Atlantic	100	100	79
East North Central	100	100	99
South Atlantic	100	100	85
West South Central	100	100	91
Mountain	100	100	97
Pacific	100	100	97

¹ Includes plans that provide coverage for elective purchase of contact lenses; medically necessary contact lenses (for cataract surgery, for example) normally are provided under the surgical portion of a medical plan and are not described in this table.

² The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the

threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

Table 51. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses	Contact lenses ¹
All workers	(²)	0.1	0.8
Worker characteristic			
Management, professional, and related	(²)	0.1	0.9
Professional and related	(²)	0.1	1.0
Teachers	(²)	0.1	1.0
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	(²)	0.2	1.1
Service	(²)	0.1	1.6
Protective service	(²)	(²)	1.8
Sales and office	(²)	(²)	1.0
Office and administrative support	(²)	(²)	1.0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	(²)	(²)	2.1
Production, transportation, and material moving	(²)	0.2	3.1
Full time	(²)	(²)	0.8
Part time	(²)	0.1	1.9
Union	(²)	(²)	0.9
Nonunion	(²)	0.2	1.2
Average wage within the following categories: ³			
Lowest 25 percent	(²)	(²)	1.3
Lowest 10 percent	(²)	0.2	1.9
Second 25 percent	(²)	0.1	1.6
Third 25 percent	(²)	(²)	1.1
Highest 25 percent	(²)	0.1	0.7
Highest 10 percent	(²)	(²)	0.9
Establishment characteristic			
Service-providing industries	(²)	0.1	0.8
Education and health services	(²)	0.1	1.0
Educational services	(²)	0.1	0.9
Elementary and secondary schools	(²)	0.1	1.0
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	(²)	(²)	2.1
Health care and social assistance	(²)	(²)	3.1
Hospitals	(²)	(²)	1.5
Public administration	(²)	(²)	1.2
1 to 99 workers	(²)	(²)	2.5
1 to 49 workers	(²)	(²)	1.2
50 to 99 workers	(²)	(²)	4.9
100 workers or more	(²)	0.1	0.7
100 to 499 workers	(²)	(²)	1.8
500 workers or more	(²)	0.1	0.8
State government	(²)	(²)	2.6
Local government	(²)	0.1	0.7

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 51. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses	Contact lenses ¹
Geographic area			
New England	(²)	(²)	5.8
Middle Atlantic	(²)	(²)	2.6
East North Central	(²)	0.1	1.0
South Atlantic	(²)	0.4	5.1
West South Central	(²)	0.1	4.3
Mountain	(²)	(²)	2.4
Pacific	(²)	(²)	0.5

¹ Includes plans that provide coverage for elective purchase of contact lenses; medically necessary contact lenses (for cataract surgery, for example) normally are provided under the surgical portion of a medical plan and are not described in this table.

² Less than 0.05.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the

threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

Table 52. Vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Eye exams				Glasses			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
All workers	17	83	-	-	-	96	-	-
Worker characteristic								
Management, professional, and related	16	84	-	-	-	95	-	-
Professional and related	16	84	-	-	-	95	-	-
Teachers	18	82	-	-	-	94	-	-
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	21	79	-	-	-	96	-	-
Service	19	81	-	-	2	98	-	-
Protective service	18	82	-	-	2	98	-	-
Sales and office	17	83	-	-	-	96	-	-
Office and administrative support	17	83	-	-	-	96	-	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	17	83	-	-	-	98	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving	25	75	-	-	-	97	-	-
Full time	17	83	-	-	-	96	-	-
Part time	19	81	-	-	-	98	-	-
Union	19	81	-	-	-	98	-	-
Nonunion	12	88	-	-	-	93	-	-
Average wage within the following categories: ⁴								
Lowest 25 percent	18	82	-	-	-	95	-	-
Lowest 10 percent	-	76	-	-	-	95	-	-
Second 25 percent	16	84	-	-	-	97	-	-
Third 25 percent	17	83	-	-	-	95	-	-
Highest 25 percent	17	83	-	-	-	97	-	-
Highest 10 percent	13	87	-	-	-	97	-	-
Establishment characteristic								
Service-providing industries	17	83	-	-	-	96	-	-
Education and health services	16	84	-	-	-	94	-	-
Educational services	18	82	-	-	-	93	-	-
Elementary and secondary schools	22	78	-	-	-	95	-	-
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	5	95	-	-	-	86	-	-
Health care and social assistance	-	96	-	-	-	100	-	-
Hospitals	-	92	-	-	-	100	-	-
Public administration	17	83	-	-	1	99	-	-
1 to 99 workers	15	85	-	-	-	100	-	-
1 to 49 workers	18	82	-	-	-	100	-	-
50 to 99 workers	12	88	-	-	-	100	-	-
100 workers or more	17	83	-	-	-	96	-	-
100 to 499 workers	19	81	-	-	-	98	-	-
500 workers or more	17	83	-	-	-	95	-	-
State government	9	91	-	-	-	94	-	-
Local government	20	80	-	-	3	97	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 52. Vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Contact lenses ²			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
All workers	1	91	7	1
Worker characteristic				
Management, professional, and related	1	91	7	(³)
Professional and related	1	92	7	(³)
Teachers	—	94	4	—
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	—	94	4	—
Service	—	90	8	—
Protective service	—	92	6	—
Sales and office	—	91	6	—
Office and administrative support	—	90	7	—
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	—	95	—	1
Production, transportation, and material moving	—	84	14	—
Full time	1	91	7	1
Part time	—	94	—	—
Union	1	90	8	1
Nonunion	1	92	6	(³)
Average wage within the following categories: ⁴				
Lowest 25 percent	—	96	—	(³)
Lowest 10 percent	—	96	—	—
Second 25 percent	2	89	8	1
Third 25 percent	—	89	9	—
Highest 25 percent	2	91	7	(³)
Highest 10 percent	—	91	7	—
Establishment characteristic				
Service-providing industries	1	91	7	1
Education and health services	1	92	6	(³)
Educational services	2	93	5	(³)
Elementary and secondary schools	2	93	5	(³)
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	—	92	8	—
Health care and social assistance	—	89	11	—
Hospitals	—	93	—	—
Public administration	—	89	8	—
1 to 99 workers	—	94	—	1
1 to 49 workers	—	98	—	—
50 to 99 workers	—	89	—	2
100 workers or more	1	91	7	(³)
100 to 499 workers	—	93	—	1
500 workers or more	2	90	8	(³)
State government	—	86	14	—
Local government	2	93	5	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 52. Vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Eye exams				Glasses			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
Geographic area								
New England	35	65	—	—	—	100	—	—
Middle Atlantic	21	79	—	—	—	89	—	—
East North Central	22	78	—	—	3	97	—	—
South Atlantic	23	77	—	—	—	90	—	—
West South Central	—	97	—	—	—	100	—	—
Mountain	—	95	—	—	—	100	—	—
Pacific	15	85	—	—	—	99	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 52. Vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Contact lenses ²			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
Geographic area				
New England	—	83	—	1
Middle Atlantic	—	77	21	—
East North Central	—	97	—	1
South Atlantic	—	82	—	—
West South Central	—	91	—	(³)
Mountain	—	97	—	—
Pacific	—	96	2	—

¹ Includes plans subject to copayment, cash allowance, and retail discount.

² Includes plans that provide coverage for elective purchase of contact lenses; medically necessary contact lenses (for cataract surgery, for example) normally are provided under the surgical portion of a medical plan and are not described in this table.

³ Less than 0.5.

⁴ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average

wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

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Table 52. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

Characteristics	Eye exams				Glasses			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
All workers	1.4	1.4	-	-	-	1.4	-	-
Worker characteristic								
Management, professional, and related	1.7	1.7	-	-	-	2.1	-	-
Professional and related	1.9	1.9	-	-	-	2.2	-	-
Teachers	2.4	2.4	-	-	-	2.5	-	-
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	3.0	3.0	-	-	-	1.8	-	-
Service	2.3	2.3	-	-	0.3	0.3	-	-
Protective service	2.8	2.8	-	-	0.4	0.4	-	-
Sales and office	2.2	2.2	-	-	-	1.9	-	-
Office and administrative support	2.2	2.2	-	-	-	2.0	-	-
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	3.0	3.0	-	-	-	1.1	-	-
Production, transportation, and material moving	4.1	4.1	-	-	-	1.1	-	-
Full time	1.4	1.4	-	-	-	1.5	-	-
Part time	4.1	4.1	-	-	-	1.4	-	-
Union	1.9	1.9	-	-	-	0.9	-	-
Nonunion	1.9	1.9	-	-	-	3.9	-	-
Average wage within the following categories: ³								
Lowest 25 percent	2.9	2.9	-	-	-	2.4	-	-
Lowest 10 percent	-	8.2	-	-	-	4.3	-	-
Second 25 percent	2.2	2.2	-	-	-	0.8	-	-
Third 25 percent	2.2	2.2	-	-	-	2.5	-	-
Highest 25 percent	1.6	1.6	-	-	-	1.0	-	-
Highest 10 percent	1.1	1.1	-	-	-	1.2	-	-
Establishment characteristic								
Service-providing industries	1.4	1.4	-	-	-	1.5	-	-
Education and health services	2.0	2.0	-	-	-	2.7	-	-
Educational services	2.3	2.3	-	-	-	3.1	-	-
Elementary and secondary schools	2.9	2.9	-	-	-	1.9	-	-
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	1.3	1.3	-	-	-	10.9	-	-
Health care and social assistance	-	1.6	-	-	-	(⁴)	-	-
Hospitals	-	3.0	-	-	-	(⁴)	-	-
Public administration	2.1	2.1	-	-	0.3	0.3	-	-
1 to 99 workers	2.6	2.6	-	-	-	(⁴)	-	-
1 to 49 workers	4.2	4.2	-	-	-	0.1	-	-
50 to 99 workers	2.8	2.8	-	-	-	(⁴)	-	-
100 workers or more	1.4	1.4	-	-	-	1.6	-	-
100 to 499 workers	3.9	3.9	-	-	-	0.9	-	-
500 workers or more	1.6	1.6	-	-	-	2.1	-	-
State government	1.7	1.7	-	-	-	4.9	-	-
Local government	1.6	1.6	-	-	0.8	0.8	-	-

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 52. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Contact lenses ²			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
All workers	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.2
Worker characteristic				
Management, professional, and related	0.3	0.9	0.9	0.1
Professional and related	0.3	1.0	1.0	0.1
Teachers	—	1.0	1.0	—
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	—	1.2	1.2	—
Service	—	1.8	1.6	—
Protective service	—	2.2	1.7	—
Sales and office	—	1.3	0.7	—
Office and administrative support	—	1.3	0.7	—
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance	—	2.1	—	0.4
Production, transportation, and material moving	—	3.2	3.1	—
Full time	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.2
Part time	—	2.0	—	—
Union	0.4	1.0	0.8	0.3
Nonunion	0.2	1.3	1.2	0.2
Average wage within the following categories: ³				
Lowest 25 percent	—	1.3	—	0.2
Lowest 10 percent	—	1.9	—	—
Second 25 percent	0.5	1.7	1.5	0.5
Third 25 percent	—	1.2	1.0	—
Highest 25 percent	0.4	0.8	0.7	0.1
Highest 10 percent	—	1.0	0.9	—
Establishment characteristic				
Service-providing industries	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.2
Education and health services	0.4	1.1	1.0	(⁴)
Educational services	0.5	1.0	0.9	(⁴)
Elementary and secondary schools	0.6	1.1	1.0	0.1
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities	—	2.1	2.1	—
Health care and social assistance	—	3.1	3.1	—
Hospitals	—	1.5	—	—
Public administration	—	1.3	1.0	—
1 to 99 workers	—	2.5	—	0.9
1 to 49 workers	—	1.2	—	—
50 to 99 workers	—	4.9	—	2.0
100 workers or more	0.3	0.8	0.7	0.2
100 to 499 workers	—	1.7	—	0.7
500 workers or more	0.3	0.9	0.8	0.2
State government	—	2.6	2.6	—
Local government	0.4	0.7	0.6	0.3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 52. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Eye exams				Glasses			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
Geographic area								
New England	8.7	8.7	—	—	—	(⁴)	—	—
Middle Atlantic	3.0	3.0	—	—	—	6.6	—	—
East North Central	4.2	4.2	—	—	0.8	0.8	—	—
South Atlantic	5.1	5.1	—	—	—	4.2	—	—
West South Central	—	2.0	—	—	—	0.1	—	—
Mountain	—	3.0	—	—	—	(⁴)	—	—
Pacific	2.1	2.1	—	—	—	0.6	—	—

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 52. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Extent of coverage for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Contact lenses ²			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ¹	No coverage	Not determinable
Geographic area				
New England	—	8.9	—	1.8
Middle Atlantic	—	2.8	2.5	—
East North Central	—	1.8	—	1.0
South Atlantic	—	5.0	—	—
West South Central	—	4.3	—	0.2
Mountain	—	2.4	—	—
Pacific	—	0.7	0.3	—

¹ Includes plans subject to copayment, cash allowance, and retail discount.

² Includes plans that provide coverage for elective purchase of contact lenses; medically necessary contact lenses (for cataract surgery, for example) normally are provided under the surgical portion of a medical plan and are not described in this table.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the

"National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

⁴ Less than 0.05.

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Table 53. Vision care benefits: Median copayments for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

(Includes all workers participating in vision care plans)

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses
All workers	\$10	\$20
Worker characteristic		
Management, professional, and related	10	20
Professional and related	10	20
Teachers	10	20
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	10	20
Service	10	20
Protective service	10	–
Sales and office	10	20
Office and administrative support	10	20
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	10	15
Full time	10	20
Part time	10	20
Union	10	18
Nonunion	10	20
Average wage within the following categories: ¹		
Lowest 25 percent	10	20
Lowest 10 percent	15	20
Second 25 percent	10	20
Third 25 percent	10	20
Highest 25 percent	10	20
Highest 10 percent	10	25
Establishment characteristic		
Service-providing industries	10	20
Education and health services	10	20
Educational services	10	25
Elementary and secondary schools	10	20
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	10	25
Health care and social assistance	10	20
Hospitals	10	20
Public administration	10	–
1 to 99 workers	10	20
1 to 49 workers	10	20
50 to 99 workers	10	20
100 workers or more	10	20
100 to 499 workers	10	20
500 workers or more	10	20
State government	10	25
Local government	10	18

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 53. Vision care benefits: Median copayments for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(Includes all workers participating in vision care plans)

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses
Geographic area		
New England	\$10	\$25
Middle Atlantic	—	9
East North Central	10	20
South Atlantic	15	20
West South Central	10	25
Mountain	10	20
Pacific	10	25

¹ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

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Table 53. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Median copayments for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses
All workers	\$0	\$0
Worker characteristic		
Management, professional, and related	0	2
Professional and related	0	0
Teachers	0	5
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	0	6
Service	0	5
Protective service	0	–
Sales and office	0	0
Office and administrative support	0	0
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	0	0
Production, transportation, and material moving	0	4
Full time	0	0
Part time	0	2
Union	0	4
Nonunion	0	2
Average wage within the following categories: ¹		
Lowest 25 percent	0	3
Lowest 10 percent	3	3
Second 25 percent	0	0
Third 25 percent	0	0
Highest 25 percent	0	0
Highest 10 percent	0	7
Establishment characteristic		
Service-providing industries	0	0
Education and health services	0	6
Educational services	0	2
Elementary and secondary schools	0	6
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	0	0
Health care and social assistance	1	0
Hospitals	2	0
Public administration	0	–
1 to 99 workers	0	0
1 to 49 workers	0	2
50 to 99 workers	0	0
100 workers or more	0	0
100 to 499 workers	0	0
500 workers or more	0	0
State government	0	0
Local government	0	4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 53. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Median copayments for selected services, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Eye exams	Glasses
Geographic area		
New England	\$0	\$0
Middle Atlantic	—	0
East North Central	0	0
South Atlantic	0	0
West South Central	1	0
Mountain	0	6
Pacific	0	0

¹ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

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Table 54. Vision care benefits: Coverage for lasik surgery, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Lasik surgery ¹			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ²	No coverage	Not determinable
All workers	—	11	88	1
Worker characteristic				
Management, professional, and related	—	12	87	1
Professional and related	—	11	88	1
Teachers	—	10	89	1
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	—	9	90	1
Service	—	9	90	1
Protective service	—	9	90	2
Sales and office	—	12	87	1
Office and administrative support	—	12	87	1
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	—	13	85	2
.....	—	—	91	4
Full time	—	11	88	1
Part time	—	13	86	1
Union	—	7	92	1
Nonunion	—	20	79	1
Average wage within the following categories: ³				
Lowest 25 percent	—	15	83	2
Lowest 10 percent	—	—	83	1
Second 25 percent	—	12	86	1
Third 25 percent	—	11	88	1
Highest 25 percent	—	9	90	1
Highest 10 percent	—	10	89	1
Establishment characteristic				
Service-providing industries	—	11	88	1
Education and health services	—	13	87	1
Educational services	—	13	86	1
Elementary and secondary schools	—	10	89	1
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	—	25	75	—
Health care and social assistance	—	—	91	—
Hospitals	—	—	93	—
Public administration	—	9	90	1
1 to 99 workers	—	—	85	4
1 to 49 workers	—	—	80	3
50 to 99 workers	—	—	90	6
100 workers or more	—	11	88	1
100 to 499 workers	—	5	94	1
500 workers or more	—	13	86	1
State government	—	15	85	(⁴)
Local government	—	10	89	1

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 54. Vision care benefits: Coverage for lasik surgery, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

(All workers participating in vision care plans = 100 percent)

Characteristics	Lasik surgery ¹			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ²	No coverage	Not determinable
Geographic area				
New England	—	—	66	1
Middle Atlantic	—	—	94	(⁴)
East North Central	—	—	92	4
South Atlantic	—	—	85	(⁴)
West South Central	—	48	44	8
Mountain	—	—	81	—
Pacific	—	9	91	(⁴)

¹ Lasik surgery is an elective surgical procedure that is capable of correcting a wide range of nearsightedness, farsightedness, and astigmatism.

² Includes plans subject to copayment, cash allowance, and retail discount.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey:

Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

⁴ Less than 0.5.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.

Table 54. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Coverage for lasik surgery, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011

Characteristics	Lasik surgery ¹			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ²	No coverage	Not determinable
All workers	—	1.2	1.3	0.4
Worker characteristic				
Management, professional, and related	—	1.5	1.5	0.4
Professional and related	—	1.4	1.5	0.4
Teachers	—	2.0	2.0	0.6
Primary, secondary, and special education school teachers	—	2.3	2.4	0.6
Service	—	1.6	1.7	0.6
Protective service	—	2.3	2.5	1.0
Sales and office	—	2.4	2.5	0.4
Office and administrative support	—	2.4	2.5	0.4
Natural resources, construction, and maintenance Production, transportation, and material moving	—	2.7	3.1	1.2
Full time	—	1.2	1.3	0.4
Part time	—	2.1	2.4	0.8
Union	—	1.1	1.2	0.4
Nonunion	—	2.5	2.6	0.6
Average wage within the following categories: ³				
Lowest 25 percent	—	3.3	3.7	0.8
Lowest 10 percent	—	—	7.0	1.0
Second 25 percent	—	1.9	1.9	0.6
Third 25 percent	—	1.9	2.0	0.4
Highest 25 percent	—	1.2	1.2	0.4
Highest 10 percent	—	1.8	1.9	0.5
Establishment characteristic				
Service-providing industries	—	1.2	1.3	0.4
Education and health services	—	1.7	1.7	0.4
Educational services	—	1.9	1.9	0.5
Elementary and secondary schools	—	2.3	2.3	0.6
Junior colleges, colleges, and universities ...	—	4.3	4.3	—
Health care and social assistance	—	—	3.2	—
Hospitals	—	—	1.7	—
Public administration	—	1.9	2.1	0.6
1 to 99 workers	—	—	4.6	2.0
1 to 49 workers	—	—	7.2	1.7
50 to 99 workers	—	—	4.8	4.0
100 workers or more	—	1.3	1.3	0.3
100 to 499 workers	—	1.5	1.2	0.6
500 workers or more	—	1.5	1.6	0.3
State government	—	2.1	2.1	0.2
Local government	—	1.5	1.6	0.5

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 54. Standard errors for vision care benefits: Coverage for lasik surgery, state and local government workers, National Compensation Survey, 2011—Continued

Characteristics	Lasik surgery ¹			
	Full coverage	Coverage with limits ²	No coverage	Not determinable
Geographic area				
New England	—	—	12.9	1.8
Middle Atlantic	—	—	1.8	0.3
East North Central	—	—	2.5	1.7
South Atlantic	—	—	6.1	0.4
West South Central	—	8.0	9.3	5.6
Mountain	—	—	8.0	—
Pacific	—	0.8	0.8	0.1

¹ Lasik surgery is an elective surgical procedure that is capable of correcting a wide range of nearsightedness, farsightedness, and astigmatism.

² Includes plans subject to copayment, cash allowance, and retail discount.

³ The categories are based on the average wage for each occupation surveyed, which may include workers with earnings both above and below the threshold. The average wages are based

on the estimates published in the "National Compensation Survey: Occupational Earnings in the United States, 2010." See Technical Note for more details.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that no data were reported or that data do not meet publication criteria. For definitions of major plans, key provisions, and related terms, see the "Glossary of Employee Benefit Terms" at www.bls.gov/ncs/ebs/glossary20102011.htm.