

RSE Table 21

Civilian supervisory workers: Relative standard errors of mean weekly and annual earnings for selected management occupations

Occupation ¹	Weekly ²		Annual ⁴	
	Mean earnings	Relative error ³	Mean earnings	Relative error ³
Management occupations				
Team leader	\$1,559	10.3%	\$80,211	10.3%
First line	1,538	3.4	78,571	3.4
Second line	2,441	12.0	126,920	12.0
General and operations managers				
First line	1,775	6.3	92,290	6.3
Second line	2,350	8.8	122,188	8.8
Sales managers				
First line	1,617	20.1	84,083	20.1
Computer and information systems managers				
First line	1,876	20.3	96,811	20.3
Financial managers				
Team leader	1,687	7.7	87,736	7.7
First line	1,554	6.0	80,770	6.0
Construction managers				
First line	1,254	11.8	65,228	11.8
Education administrators, elementary and secondary school				
First line	2,008	14.3	85,978	14.3
Engineering managers				
First line	2,175	8.6	113,102	8.6
Food service managers				
First line	889	7.1	45,658	7.1
Medical and health services managers				
First line	1,463	2.8	76,092	2.8
Social and community service managers				
First line	1,134	17.6	58,985	17.6

¹ The NCS uses the 2000 Standard Occupational Classification coding structure, which defines more than 800 unique occupations, to match jobs sampled by the survey. Military occupations are excluded from the survey.

² Mean weekly earnings are the straight-time weekly wages or salaries paid to employees, exclusive of overtime.

³ The relative standard error (RSE) is the standard error expressed as a percent of the estimate. It can be used to calculate a "confidence interval" around a sample estimate. For more information about RSEs, see chapter 8 of the BLS Handbook of

Methods, at http://www.bls.gov/opub/hom/homch8_a.htm.

⁴ Mean annual earnings are the straight-time annual wages or salaries paid to employees, exclusive of overtime.

NOTE: Dashes indicate that data did not meet publication criteria. Broad occupational groups may include data for subordinate occupational groups not shown separately.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, National Compensation Survey.