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Occupational Employment and Wages in San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande — May 2015

Workers in the San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande Metropolitan Statistical Area had an average (mean) hourly wage of \$22.13 in May 2015, about 5 percent below the nationwide average of \$23.23, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Assistant Commissioner for Regional Operations Richard Holden noted that, after testing for statistical significance, wages in the local area were lower than their respective national averages in 5 of the 22 major occupational groups, including management; arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media; and sales and related. Seven groups had significantly higher wages than their respective national averages, including protective service; healthcare practitioners and technical; and construction and extraction.

When compared to the nationwide distribution, local employment was more highly concentrated in 5 of the 22 occupational groups, including food preparation and serving related; construction and extraction; and building and grounds cleaning and maintenance. Conversely, eight groups had employment shares significantly below their national representation, including transportation and material moving; production; and business and financial operations. (See [table A](#) and [box note](#) at end of release.)

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2015

Major occupational group	Percent of total employment		Mean hourly wage		
	United States	San Luis Obispo	United States	San Luis Obispo	Percent difference ⁽¹⁾
Total, all occupations	100.0%	100.0%	\$23.23	\$22.13	-5
Management	5.0	4.8	55.30	46.61*	-16
Business and Financial Operations.....	5.1	3.5*	35.48	33.28	-6
Computer and Mathematical	2.9	1.8*	41.43	39.02	-6
Architecture and Engineering	1.8	1.8	39.89	41.32	4
Life, Physical, and Social Science.....	0.8	1.0*	34.24	35.41	3
Community and Social Services.....	1.4	1.5	22.19	24.28*	9
Legal.....	0.8	0.4*	49.74	44.97	-10
Education, Training, and Library.....	6.2	6.2	25.48	26.60	4
Arts, Design, Entertainment, Sports, and Media	1.3	1.1*	27.39	22.06*	-19
Healthcare Practitioner and Technical.....	5.8	5.2*	37.40	41.06*	10
Healthcare Support	2.9	2.7	14.19	15.34*	8
Protective Service	2.4	2.9	21.45	29.15*	36
Food Preparation and Serving Related.....	9.1	11.5*	10.98	12.52*	14
Building and Grounds Cleaning and Maintenance..	3.2	4.3*	13.02	13.20	1
Personal Care and Service	3.1	3.9	12.33	13.50*	9
Sales and Related	10.5	11.3	18.90	16.91*	-11

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2015 - Continued

Major occupational group	Percent of total employment		Mean hourly wage		
	United States	San Luis Obispo	United States	San Luis Obispo	Percent difference ⁽¹⁾
Office and Administrative Support	15.8	15.0	17.47	16.84	-4
Farming, Fishing, and Forestry	0.3	2.8*	12.67	11.72*	-7
Construction and Extraction	4.0	5.3*	22.88	26.28*	15
Installation, Maintenance, and Repair	3.9	3.1*	22.11	22.43	1
Production	6.6	4.8*	17.41	18.44	6
Transportation and Material Moving	6.9	4.9*	16.90	15.64*	-7

Footnotes:

(1) A positive percent difference measures how much the mean wage in San Luis Obispo is above the national mean wage, while a negative difference reflects a lower wage.

* The percent share of employment or mean hourly wage for this area is significantly different from the national average of all areas at the 90-percent confidence level.

One occupational group—food preparation and serving related—was chosen to illustrate the diversity of data available for any of the 22 major occupational categories. San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande had 12,750 jobs in food preparation and serving related, accounting for 11.5 percent of local area employment, significantly higher than the 9.1-percent share nationally. The average hourly wage for this occupational group locally was \$12.52, significantly above the national wage of \$10.98.

Some of the largest detailed occupations within the food preparation and serving related group included combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food (2,830), waiters and waitresses (2,650), and restaurant cooks (1,300). Among the higher paying jobs were chefs and head cooks and first-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers, with mean hourly wages of \$19.77 and \$17.36, respectively. At the lower end of the wage scale were dishwashers (\$10.01) and combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food (\$10.09). (Detailed occupational data for food preparation and serving related are presented in [table 1](#); for a complete listing of detailed occupations available go to www.bls.gov/oes/2015/may/oes_42020.htm.)

Location quotients allow us to explore the occupational make-up of a metropolitan area by comparing the composition of jobs in an area relative to the national average. (See [table 1](#).) For example, a location quotient of 2.0 indicates that an occupation accounts for twice the share of employment in the area than it does nationally. In the San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande Metropolitan Statistical Area, above-average concentrations of employment were found in some of the occupations within the food preparation and serving related group. For instance, dishwashers were employed at 2.1 times the national rate in San Luis Obispo, and restaurant, lounge, and coffee shop hosts and hostesses, at 2.1 times the U.S. average. On the other hand, first-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers had a location quotient of 1.0 in San Luis Obispo, indicating that this particular occupation’s local and national employment shares were similar.

These statistics are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, a federal-state cooperative program between BLS and State Workforce Agencies, in this case, the California Employment Development Department.

Notes on Occupational Employment Statistics Data

With the issuance of data for May 2015, the OES program has incorporated redefined metropolitan area definitions as designated by the Office of Management and Budget. OES data are available for 394 metropolitan areas, 38 metropolitan divisions, and 167 OES-defined nonmetropolitan areas. A listing of the areas and their definitions can be found at www.bls.gov/oes/current/msa_def.htm.

A value that is statistically different from another does not necessarily mean that the difference has economic or practical significance. Statistical significance is concerned with the ability to make confident statements about a universe based on a sample. It is entirely possible that a large difference between two values is not significantly different statistically, while a small difference is, since both the size and heterogeneity of the sample affect the relative error of the data being tested.

Technical Note

The Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey is a semiannual mail survey measuring occupational employment and wage rates for wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments in the United States. The OES program produces employment and wage estimates for over 800 occupations for all industries combined in the nation; the 50 states and the District of Columbia; 432 metropolitan areas and divisions; 167 nonmetropolitan areas; and Guam, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. National estimates are also available by industry for NAICS sectors, 3-, 4-, and selected 5- and 6-digit industries, and by ownership across all industries and for schools and hospitals. OES data are available at www.bls.gov/oes/tables.htm.

OES estimates are constructed from a sample of about 1.2 million establishments. Forms are mailed to approximately 200,000 sampled establishments in May and November each year. May 2015 estimates are based on responses from six semiannual panels collected over a 3-year period: May 2015, November 2014, May 2014, November 2013, May 2013, and November 2012. The overall national response rate for the six panels is 73.5 percent based on establishments and 69.6 percent based on weighted sampled employment. The unweighted employment of sampled establishments across all six semiannual panels represents approximately 57.9 percent of total national employment. (Response rates are slightly lower for these estimates due to the federal shutdown in October 2013.) The sample in the San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande Metropolitan Statistical Area included 1,532 establishments with a response rate of 75 percent. For more information about OES concepts and methodology, go to www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.tn.htm.

The May 2015 OES estimates are based on the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Information about the 2010 SOC is available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/soc and information about the 2012 NAICS is available at www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm.

Metropolitan area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The **San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande, Calif. Metropolitan Statistical Area** includes San Luis Obispo County.

Additional information

OES data are available on our regional web page at www.bls.gov/regions/west. Answers to frequently asked questions about the OES data are available at www.bls.gov/oes/oes_ques.htm. Detailed technical information about the OES survey is available in our Survey Methods and Reliability Statement on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/oes/2015/may/methods_statement.pdf.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request . Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2015

Occupation ⁽¹⁾	Employment		Mean wages	
	Level ⁽²⁾	Location quotient ⁽³⁾	Hourly	Annual ⁽⁴⁾
Food Preparation and Serving Related Occupations.....	12,750	1.3	\$12.52	\$26,040
Chefs and Head Cooks	240	2.3	19.77	41,110
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	740	1.0	17.36	36,110
Cooks, Fast Food	510	1.2	10.59	22,020
Cooks, Institution and Cafeteria	170	0.5	14.17	29,470
Cooks, Restaurant.....	1,300	1.4	14.30	29,740
Cooks, Short Order	170	1.1	11.82	24,590
Food Preparation Workers	850	1.2	11.60	24,130
Bartenders.....	490	1.0	15.47	32,180
Combined Food Preparation and Serving Workers, Including Fast Food.....	2,830	1.1	10.09	20,990
Counter Attendants, Cafeteria, Food Concession, and Coffee Shop.....	300	0.8	11.62	24,180
Waiters and Waitresses.....	2,650	1.3	14.00	29,130
Food Servers, Nonrestaurant.....	210	1.0	13.12	27,300
Dining Room and Cafeteria Attendants and Bartender Helpers	620	1.9	11.02	22,920
Dishwashers.....	860	2.1	10.01	20,830
Hosts and Hostesses, Restaurant, Lounge, and Coffee Shop	650	2.1	10.30	21,430

Footnotes:

(1) For a complete listing of all detailed occupations in San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles-Arroyo Grande, CA, see www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes_42020.htm

(2) Estimates for detailed occupations do not sum to the totals because the totals include occupations not shown separately. Estimates do not include self-employed workers.

(3) The location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. A location quotient greater than one indicates the occupation has a higher share of employment than average, and a location quotient less than one indicates the occupation is less prevalent in the area than average.

(4) Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a "year-round, full-time" hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly mean wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.